

## Subject Aims

Music aims to ensure that all pupils:

- grow musically at their own level and pace;
- foster musical responsiveness;
- develop awareness and appreciation of organised sound patterns;
- develop instrumental and vocal skills;
- develop a sensitive, analytical and critical response to music;
- develop awareness and understanding of musical traditions, styles and cultures from other times and places;
- foster enjoyment of all aspects of music.

## Subject Vision

At Silverdale St John's, we ensure that pupils develop and practise musical skills and concepts in a progressive way. We encourage our pupils to play instruments, sing and compose with enthusiasm while developing confidence and a love of music. Our music sessions are hands-on, engaging and creative. We listen to a variety of music to learn about and celebrate diversity; investigating different styles from around the world and from different periods in time. Our pupils are actively involved in musical performances throughout the year, sharing their talents and joy for music with parents and members of the community.



Inspiring success through learning, community and faith.

We strive to provide the Christian foundations to enable our children to make good decisions. Our children will be inspired, guided and supported to achieve success, as they are all of infinite worth. Taught through a creative curriculum, our children will become global citizens and will care for all of God's creation.

*I can do all things through Christ who strengthens me.*  
**Philippians 4:13**

Learning	Community	Faith
Music can be used to develop a wide variety of skills; listening, describing, communicating, explaining and composing. Music can teach us about the world through the styles from different countries and different periods of time. We learn the correct vocabulary when talking about all things musical.	We invite people from local area with musical talents into school to share their talents. We share our love of music in the village – visiting groups to sing or play instruments for them. Our Christmas Concert and Summer Play are in church and the village hall and members of the community are invited. Different music agencies are used to further develop musical skills e.g. instrument lessons.	Music in Worship sessions is used to deepen spirituality and Christian understanding. Music is used at the beginning of Worship to prepare ourselves for time with God and at the end for reflection time. We sing regularly as part of our Worship times and sing in church during services. We learn about religions around the world by listening to music linked to religious festivals

## Curriculum Overview - MUSIC

	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Year A	<b>How does it work?</b>	<b>Watery World</b>	<b>The Great Outdoors</b>
	Electronic sounds/music How do different instruments work? Can we change sounds using electronics Christmas Concert/Nativity	Under the sea/rainforest songs/ sounds Learning an instrument	Animal songs Sounds in nature Peter and the Wolf Whole School Production
Year B	<b>Time Travel</b>	<b>Here, there and everywhere!</b>	<b>Happy, Healthy Me</b>
	Music from different eras – linked to themes in class Christmas Concert/Nativity	Music from around the world – linked to themes in class	Using our bodies to make music Songs about bodies Movement songs Whole School Production

Swans and Cygnets	Hérons	Bitterns	Harriers
Reception and Nursery	Year 1 and 2	Year 3 and 4	Year 5 and 6

## Progression of Skills

### Hérons

Performing			Listening			Creating		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Use their voices expressively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes.</li> <li>Play tuned and untuned instruments.</li> <li>Rehearse and perform with others (for example, starting and finishing together, keeping to a steady pulse).</li> </ul>			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To listen with concentration to a range of high quality live and recorded music and to internalise and recall sounds with increasing aural memory.</li> <li>Experience how the combined musical elements of pitch, duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture and silence can be organised and used expressively within simple structures (for example, beginning, middle, end).</li> <li>Experience how sounds can be made in different ways (for example, vocalising, clapping, by musical instruments, in the environment) and described using given and invented signs and symbols.</li> <li>Know how music is used for particular purposes (for example, for dance, as a lullaby).</li> </ul>			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Experiment with &amp; create musical patterns.</li> <li>Explore, choose and organise sounds and musical ideas.</li> <li>Explore and express their ideas and feelings about music using movement, dance and expressive and musical language.</li> <li>Make improvements to their own work.</li> </ul>		
Musical Elements								
Pitch	Duration	Dynamics	Tempo	Timbre	Texture	Structure		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Identify high and low sounds.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Respond to sounds of different duration.</li> <li>Recognise the difference between long and short sounds.</li> <li>Copy simple patterns of sound of long and short duration.</li> <li>Recognise the difference between steady beat and no beat.</li> <li>Identify similar rhythmic patterns.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Differentiate between loud sounds, quiet sounds and silence.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Identify the differences between fast and slow tempos.</li> <li>Identify the tempo of music as fast, moderate, slow, getting faster or getting slower.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Recognise the difference between singing and speaking.</li> <li>Recognise the difference between wood, metal, skin (<i>drum</i>) and 'shaker' sounds.</li> <li>Match selected sounds with their pictured source.</li> <li>Explore the different kinds of sound that my singing and speaking voice can make.</li> <li>Identify different voices by their vocal qualities.</li> <li>Use sound words or phrases to describe selected sounds and the ways in which they are produced.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Recognise a song with an accompaniment and one without accompaniment.</li> <li>Determine one strand of music or more than one strand.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Understand the form of cumulative (<i>a song with a simple melody that changes each verse e.g. 'The Wheels on the Bus', '12 Days of Christmas'</i>) songs.</li> <li>Recognise that the sections of a piece of music sound the same or different.</li> </ul>		

## Using Technology Appropriately

### Bitterns

Performing	Listening	Creating	Knowledge and Understanding
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Sing songs, speak chants and rhymes in unison and two parts, with clear diction, control of pitch, a sense of phrase and musical expression.</li> <li>▪ Play tuned and untuned instruments with control and rhythmic accuracy.</li> <li>▪ Practise, rehearse and present performances with an awareness of the audience.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Listen with attention to a range of high quality live and recorded music, to detail and to internalise and recall sounds with increasing aural memory.</li> <li>▪ Experience how the combined musical elements of pitch, duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture and silence can be organised within musical structures (for example, ostinato) and used to communicate different moods and effects.</li> <li>▪ Experience how music is produced in different ways (for example, through the use of different resources, including ICT) and described through relevant established and invented notations.</li> <li>▪ Know how time and place can influence the way music is created, performed and heard (for example, the effect of occasion and venue).</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Improvise and develop rhythmic and melodic material when performing.</li> <li>▪ Explore, choose, combine and organise musical ideas within musical structures.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Analyse and compare sounds.</li> <li>▪ Explore and explain their own ideas and feelings about music using movement, dance, expressive language and musical vocabulary.</li> <li>▪ Improve their own and others' work in relation to its intended effect.</li> <li>▪ Use and understand staff and other musical notations.</li> <li>▪ Develop an understanding of the history of music.</li> </ul>

### Musical Elements

Pitch	Duration	Dynamics	Tempo	Timbre	Texture	Structure
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Determine upwards and downwards direction in listening, performing and moving.</li> <li>▪ Recognise and imitate melody patterns in echoes.</li> <li>▪ Show the overall contour of melodies as moving upwards, downwards or staying the same.</li> <li>▪ Determine movement by step, by leaps or by repeats.</li> <li>▪ Perform simple melody patterns.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Indicate the steady beat by movement, including during a silence.</li> <li>▪ Respond to changes in the speed of the beat.</li> <li>▪ Respond to the strong beats whilst singing.</li> <li>▪ Use instruments to keep a steady beat.</li> <li>▪ Hold a beat against another part.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Recognise differences in dynamic levels.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Identify the differences between fast and slow tempos.</li> <li>▪ Identify the tempo of music as fast, moderate, slow, getting faster or getting slower.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Describe and aurally identify the tone colours of instruments.</li> <li>▪ Compare instrumental tone colour.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Recognise the difference between thick (<i>many sounds</i>) and thin (<i>few sounds</i>) textures.</li> <li>▪ Recognise changes in texture.</li> <li>▪ Identify the melodic line in a texture.</li> <li>▪ Recognise rhythm on rhythm in music.</li> <li>▪ Recognise the difference between unison (<i>one same pitched sound</i>) and harmony (<i>various pitched sounds at the same time</i>).</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Recognise call and response form.</li> <li>▪ Differentiate between the contrasting sections of a song.</li> <li>▪ Recognise the difference between the verse and refrain of a song.</li> <li>▪ Recognise binary (<i>one melody labeled 'A' is followed by a new melody labeled 'B' = AB melody form</i>) and ternary (<i>one melody labeled 'A' is followed by a new melody labeled 'B' which then goes <u>back</u> to melody A = ABA melody form</i>) form.</li> </ul>

## Using Technology Appropriately

### Harriers

Performing	Listening	Creating	Knowledge & Understanding
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Sing songs, speak chants and rhymes in unison and two parts, with clear diction, control of pitch, a sense of phrase and musical expression.</li> <li>▪ Play tuned and untuned instruments with control and rhythmic accuracy.</li> <li>▪ Practise, rehearse and present performances with an awareness of the audience.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Listen with attention to a range of high quality live and recorded music, to detail and to internalise and recall sounds with increasing aural memory.</li> <li>▪ Experience how the combined musical elements of pitch, duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture and silence can be organised within musical structures (for example, ostinato) and used to communicate different moods and effects.</li> <li>▪ Experience how music is produced in different ways (for example, through the use of different resources, including ICT) and described through relevant established and invented notations.</li> <li>▪ Know how time and place can influence the way music is created, performed and heard (for example, the effect of occasion and venue).</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Improvise and develop rhythmic and melodic material when performing.</li> <li>▪ Explore, choose, combine and organise musical ideas within musical structures.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Analyse and compare sounds.</li> <li>▪ Explore and explain their own ideas and feelings about music using movement, dance, expressive language and musical vocabulary.</li> <li>▪ Improve their own and others' work in relation to its intended effect.</li> <li>▪ Use and understand staff and other musical notations.</li> <li>▪ Develop an understanding of the history of music.</li> </ul>

### Musical Elements

Pitch	Duration	Dynamics	Tempo	Timbre	Texture	Structure
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Identify short phrases and long phrases.</li> <li>▪ Identify the prominent melody patterns in a piece of music.</li> <li>▪ Improvise a melodic pattern.</li> <li>▪ Improvise a melody.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Perform rhythmic patterns and ostinati (<i>repeated melody lines</i>).</li> <li>▪ Identify a silence in a rhythmic pattern with a gesture.</li> <li>▪ Create rhythmic patterns including silences and notate.</li> <li>▪ Indicate strong and weak beats through movements.</li> <li>▪ Recognise a metre (<i>the way beats are grouped</i>) of 3 or 4.</li> <li>▪ Recognise a change in metre.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Recognise crescendo (<i>gradually getting louder</i>) and diminuendo (<i>grad. getting quieter</i>).</li> <li>▪ Assess the appropriateness of dynamic choices such as accents (<i>sudden loud notes, or sudden quiet notes</i>).</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Identify the differences between fast and slow tempos.</li> <li>▪ Identify the tempo of music as fast, moderate, slow, getting faster or getting slower.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Identify groupings of instruments – e.g. strings, woodwind, orchestra, and rock band.</li> <li>▪ Recognise the instruments heard in a piece of music.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Understand the process by which a round (<i>one melody, sung/played by groups starting at different times e.g. 'London's Burning'</i>) works.</li> <li>▪ Identify the various and varying textures in a round.</li> <li>▪ Show how rounds and canons (<i>more than one melody line, sung/played on top of each other by groups starting at different times e.g. 'Pachelbel's Canon'</i>) are constructed.</li> <li>▪ Understand how the texture might vary in a song.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Identify binary and ternary form from notational devises.</li> <li>▪ Identify binary and ternary form when listening.</li> <li>▪ Identify rondo (a form which always returns back to the first 'A' melody line e.g. ABACADAE etc) form.</li> </ul>

